Year 1 Yearly Plan 2020-21	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1 *Phonics Screening*	Summer 2
Topic	'All About Me' Settling into Year 1 & learning about ourselves and each other.	'Superheroes' Looking at heroes in everyday life – people who help us. Possible visits from pets? (Science)	'Our Wonderful World' Focus on the North and South Poles.	'Amazing Africa' Focus on Kenya, Zimbabwe & Sierra Leone.	'Once Upon a Time' Traditional fairy tales - Jack and the Beanstalk linked to plants/growing. Minibeasts.	'Oh, I Do Love to Be Beside the Seaside!' Focusing on Bexhill seafront & its history.
Possible Trips/ special days	Walks around Bexhill – looking at our favourite places (History – Past & Present). Autumnal walks/hunts.	Superheroes dress up day. Visit from a Police Sergeant. Traction Man will be going home with the children for adventures!	Visit from an explorer.	Visit from Amanda Reed (growing up in Africa). Talk with Miss Hinxman (talking about her visit to Sierra Leone).	Mini beasts hunt- on the school grounds (Science). Trips to local parks. Sharing fairy tale riddles with Year 2. School trip to castle.	Walks around our local area Trip to Bexhill seafront (Geography – features).
Text	Burger Boy BuRGER Boy alan durant mei matsvoka	Traction Man KERE MINI GREV	The Journey Home Journey Jou	Mama Panya's Pancakes Mama Panya's Pancakes A Village Tale from Kenya The Magic Bojabi Tree Magic Bojabi Tree	Into the Woods Jack & the Beanstalk Beanstalk	Clem & Crab Fina lunkers Clem CRAB

Phonics (Letters & Sounds)

Recapping diagraphs (2 letters and 1 sound) & trigraphs (3 letters and 1 sound) from Phase 3.
*zz like in the word fizz
*qu like in the word

*qu like in the word queen

*ch like in the word **ch**icken

*sh like in the word shoe

*th (voiced) like in the word **th**at

*th (unvoiced) like in the word **th**umb *ng like in the word

ri**ng**

*ai like in the word r**ai**n

*ee like in the word leek

*igh like in the word n**igh**t

*oa like in the word

*oo (short) like in the word b**oo**k

*oo (long) like in the word m**oo**n

*ar like in the word c**ar**ds

*or like in the word

f**or**k *ur like in the word

burger *ow like in the word cow

*oi like in the word coins

Learning Phase 5: Diagraphs (2 letters and 1 sound).

*ay like in the word crayon
*ou like in the word

*ou like in the word cl**ou**d

*ie like in the word tie *ea like in the word beads

*oy like in the word boy
*ir like in the word girl
*ue like in the word cue
*aw like in the word

saw *wh like in the word whistle

*ph like in the word ele**ph**ant

*ew like in the word pew

*oe like in the word toe
*au like in the word
haunted

HF Words - Spelling (Letters & Sounds)

that, with, all, we, can, are, up, had, my, her, what, there, out, this, have, went, be, like, some, so.

NC: push, pull, full. The children will also have spellings based on our focus sounds this term – please see the sounds and example words above. Learning Phase 5: Split sounds (cheeky letters that need to have another letter sat in between them!).

snake *e_e like in the word even

*a e like in the word

*i_e like in the word

*o_e like in the word

*u_e like in the word cube

*u_e like in the word flute

We will spend the rest of this term recapping all of our learning from Phase 5 whilst still revisiting Phase 3 and Phase 4 too.

HF Words -Spelling (Letters & Sounds)

not, then, were, go, little, as, no, Mum, one, the, do, me, down, Dad, big, when, it's, see, looked, very.

NC: once, where.
The children will also have spellings based on our focus sounds this term – please see the

Learning Phase 5: Common Alternative Pronunciations.

*i = ie like in the word find

*o = oh like in the word c**o**ld

*c = s like in the word cent

*g = j like in the word giant

*u = short oo like in the word put *ow = oa like in the word blow

*ie = ee like in the word f**ie**ld

*ea = e like in the word br**ea**d

*er = u like in the word farm**er**

*a = o like in the word wh**a**t

*y = ie like in the word b**y**

*y = ee like in the word ver**y** *ch = c like in the

word s**ch**ool *ch = sh like in the

word **ch**ef *ou = oh like in the

word sh**ou**lder *ou = short oo like in

the word c**ou**ld *ou = long oo like in the word y**ou**

HF Words - Spelling (Letters & Sounds) look, don't, come, will, into, back, from, children, him, Mr, get,

Learning Phase 5: Common Alternative Spellings.

*tch = ch like in the word scratch *dae = i like in the word dodge *mb = m like in the word thu**mb** *kn = n like in the word **kn**it *an = n like in the word anome *wr = r like in the word **wr**ong *ei = ai like in the word vein *eigh = ai like in the word n**eiah** *ui = oo like in the word suit *ere = ear like in the word here *eer = ear like in the word deer *are = air like in the word hare *our = or like in the word four *oor = or like in theword door *ore = or like in the word more *oar = or like in the word board *al = or like in the

word talk

word have

word mouse

ve = v like in the

*se = s like in the

Learning Phase 5: Common Alternative Spellings.

*au = c like in the word mar**au**ee *ch = c like in the word echo *ch = sh like in the word machine *s = sh like in theword sure *ss = sh like in the word session *ev = ai like in the word hev *ear = er like in the word learn *ear = ar like in the word heart *ear = air like in the word bear *sc = s like in the word **sc**ent *are = air like in the word share *st = s like in the word listen *s = z like in the word bovs *se = z like in the word please *o = u like in the word mother *ere = air like in the word there *or = ur like in the word word *ture = ch like in the word picture *ea = ai like in the word great

	*ear like in the word beard *air like in the word chair *ure like in the word pure *er like in the word rubber Learning Phase 4: Reading & Spelling words with constant clusters (letters that like to sit together). Some of these include *cr like in the word crab *mp like in the lamp *fl like in the word flag HF Words - Spelling (Letters & Sounds) the, and, a, to, said, in, he, I, of, it, was, you, they, on, she, is, for, at, his, but. NC: says. The children will also have spellings based on our focus sounds this term - please see the sounds and example words above.	sounds and example words above. Just, now, came, oh, about, got, their, people, your. NC: school, friend, our. The children will also have spellings based on our focus sounds this term – please see the sounds and example words above. Sounds and example words above. Significant of the word freeze "ne like in the word gone "le like in the word jungle "se zh like in the word measure set the sounds and example words above. Significant of the word measure set the sounds and example words above. Significant of the word set the word measure set the sounds and example words above. Significant of the word freeze "ne like in the word begun eo = ee like in word begun eo = ee like in word begun eo = ee like in the word problem eo = ei like in the word problem eo	in the e in the re in the and and ore ctise
Reading	EYFS – ELG	1:1 Reading, Whole Class Big Book/Shared Reading, Guided Reading, Buddy Reading.	
	*Children read and understand simple	Word Reading	
	sentences. They use	*Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.	
		*Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes.	
	phonic knowledge to	*Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes,	
		*Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes.	
	phonic knowledge to		

	read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.	*Read common exception occur in the word. *Read words containing and the words of months and the words of months and the words with contrated letter(s). *Read words with contrated with the words are aloud accurately with them to use other strated and the words with the words are aloud accurately with a word and accurately with a words are aloud accurately with a word and accurately with a words are aloud accurately with a words are aloud accurately with a words are aloud accurately with the words are aloud accurately with a words are aloud accurately wit	taught GPCs and –s, –core than one syllable that ctions [for example, I'm pooks that are consister gies to work out word. build up their fluency a ding, motivation to read, and a wide range of poek what they read or head with key stories, fairy stories in with predictable phramatics and poems, and angs, linking new meaning obtained with the can already ready know or on backgrakes sense to them as the cof the title and even the basis of what is being appen on the basis of was about what is read to the content of the content of the title and even the basis of what is being appen on the basis of was about what is read to the content of the conten	es, –ing, –ed, –er and –eat contain taught GPCs. I'll, we'll], and understaint with their developing pend confidence in word revocabulary and understaints, stories and non-fictions to their own experience ories and traditional tales are to recite some by heart gs to those already knowed accurately and fluently ground information and withey read, and correcting ts graid and done that has been read so faithem, taking turns and list	est endings and that the apostrophe honic knowledge and the ading. anding by and the apostrophe and the ading. and the apostrophe and the ading and the apostrophe and the ading.	represents the nat do not require at which they can insidering their to by:
English/Grammar	Classroom Secrets: *Ready to Write. *Punctuating Sentences.	Classroom Secrets: *Sentences. *Capital Letters 1.	Classroom Secrets: *Conjuctions. *Exclamtions.	Classroom Secrets: *Capital Letters 2.	Classroom Secrets: *Questions. *Singular and Plural.	Classroom Secrets: *Prefixes. *Suffixes. *Sequencing Sentences.
Maths	White Rose: *Number: Place Value (Within 10)	White Rose: *Geometry: Shape *Number: Place Value (Within 20)	White Rose: *Number: Sddition and Subtraction (Within 20)	White Rose: *Measurement: Length and Height. *Measurement: Weight and Volume.	White Rose: *Number: Multiplication and Division. *Number: Fractions	White Rose: *Number: Place Value (Within 100) *Measurement: Money

	*Number: Addition and Subraction (Within 10)		*Number: Place Value (Within 50)		*Geometry: Position and Direction.	*Measurement: Time
Science	Hamilton Trust & Kent Planning: Animals Including Humans.	Hamilton Trust & Kent Planning: Animals Including Humans. (Traction Man has got a	Hamilton Trust & Kent Planning: Marvellous Materials.	Working Scientifically with Fruits & Vegetables!	Hamilton Trust & Kent Planning: Plants.	Animals Including Humans. Focus on British Birds & Fish.
	Ourselves	pet – Scrubbing Brush. He is similar to a dog!)	Let's Build	*Orange buoyancy experiments.	What's Growing In Our Gardens?	*What are birds?
	1. Look at how we've changed!	Our Pets	1. What materials can we find?	*Fruit volcanoes. *How can we stop apples going brown?	Going and growing outside	How do we know they are birds? *Identifying British
	2. Look at our bodies!	Environment exploration	2. Matching	*Dancing rice. *Which fruits and	2. One potato, two	Garden Birds *How can we
	3. What can we hear?	2. Where do woodlice	materials!	vegetables sink/float?	potato	encourage birds into our
	4. How can we sort things using senses?	like to live?	3. Magnets and metal		3. Garden centres and seeds	playground? *Which birds are
	5. Sense explorers	3. The puppy has made a mess!	4. Sorting objects		4. What lives in the garden?	similar and different? *Where do birds
	6. Sensory boards and bottles	4. Imaginary pets5. My pet is happy and	5. Three little pigs and their building choices		5. What is inside a flower?	lay their eggs? How do they make a nest?
	Hamilton Trust: Weather.	healthy! 6. Bring your pet to	6. The alternative three little pigs		6. What is inside a tree?	*Aquatic birds. *Other Aquatic Animals.
	Wonderful Weather —	school day			The children will	*What are fish? (aquatic
	1. What do we know		Let's Get Testing!		grow tomatoes, beanstalks and	vertebrates) *Labelling the
	about weather? 2. Weather Watching		Waterproof- Testing Compare and group together everyday		sunflowers this term.	different parts of a fish.
	3. Shadow fun		materials.		Animals Including Humans. Focus on	*Grouping aquatic animals.
	4. Your weather		Transparent - Testing Compare		Marvellous Minibeasts.	
	station: rainfall 5. Your weather		and group together everyday materials.		*What are minibeasts?	
	station: wind direction		Strength - Testing Compare and group		Learning about them being small animals without a	

	Seasonal Changes Observe changes across the four seasons. Look at weather, plants, etc across the seasons. Create a class scrapbook. Scientific Enquiry Working Scientifically Ask simple questions Observe and test Identify and Classify Record Data Answer questions and make a conclusion		together everyday materials. Hamilton Trust: Marvellous Materials. 3. Ice observation 4. Frozen!		backbone (invertebrate). *Identifying minibeasts. *Classifying minibeasts. *Minibeast life cycles.	
Geography	The children will be introduced to Paddington Bear – our Geography buddy this year. Have a large world map up in our classroom to mark all the	Geographical skills Use simple compass directions (north, south, east and west) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far, left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map. *Helping Traction Man get to his missions using maps and compass directions.	Geographical skills Use World maps, atlases and globes to identify places, countries. Activities will include: *Locating the Arctic and Antarctic on the globe Know why these places are cold all the time. *Learning about who and what live at each of the poles.	Place Knowledge Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in contrasting non- European country. *Europe and Africa (continents).	Geographical Skills Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and they key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. Local Studies: Our School and Local	Geographical skills Use World maps, atlases and globes to identify places, countries. *Bird migration (linked to Science). Look at cuckoos who travel between the UK and Africa. Human and Physical Geography

places/countries as we learn about them.

Geographical Skills

Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and they key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.

Local Studies: Our School and Local Area – Hamilton Trust. Block A - Our School Block B - Our Playground Block C - Our Homes

Building skills in Geography – Hamilton Trust. Block E - My School: A Guided Grounds Walk. Block F - My School:

Beyond the Gates.

Activities will include:

*We will look at different types of homes – flats, detached, semidetached, etc.

*Overhead map of our bedrooms.

Locational Knowledge

Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom.

*Paddington Bear wants to learn all about the UK!

Building skills in Geography – Hamilton Trust. Block A - Destination UK.

We Are Britain –
Hamilton Trust.
Block A – British
Values.
Block B – Four Nations.
Block G – Celebrate
Britain.

*Comparing and contrasting these places to England and some hotter countries too (ask the children if/where they have been on holiday and compare to these).

*What we would back in a suitcase?

Weather Experts – Hamilton Trust.
Block E – Climate
Around the World
(North and South
Poles).

*England and The Zimbabwe (countries). *London and Harare (Capitals of England and Zimbabwe). *Bexhill and Bulawayo (towns).

Activities will include:

*Comparing weather & seasons. (Science link) *Compare trees, plants, animals (Science link) *What trees do we have in England? What trees are there in Zimbabwe? Why are they different? *Comparing homes, shopping, food, clothes, transport, lifestyle. *What food grows in

Zimbabwe? What can/can't we grow in England?
*What do you see on your way to school?
What did Amanda
Reed (visitor) use to see on her way to school?

Weather Experts – Hamilton Trust.
Block F – Hot, Hot, Hot!

Area – Hamilton Trust. Block D – Gardens. Block E – The Park. *Block F – Local Land Use.

Geographical Skills

Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and they key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.

Use simple field sketches and use a camera on our castle trip.

We Are Britain – Hamilton Trust. Block F – Castles. geographical
vocabulary to refer
to:
*Key physical
features, including:
beach, cliff, coast,
forest, hill,
mountain, sea,
ocean, river, soil,
valley, vegetation,
season and
weather.

Use basic

*What other coastal towns are there in the UK? How do we know that they are coastal towns? *Draw a simple map of a Bexhill beach (creating a simple key). *Draw a simple map of Bexhill seafront. *We will revisit compass directions in relation to finding key places, for example, the clock tower. The De La War, etc.

Geographical Skills

Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its

	*Overhead map of our classroom, playground. *We will look at natural and manmade in relation to Chantry school. *We will explore places that we like to visit in Bexhill. Let's make maps to help us get there! *We will look at natural and manmade in relation to our home town of Bexhill.					grounds and they key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. Use simple field sketches and use a camera on our beach trip. Geographical skills We Are Britain – Hamilton Trust. Block C – Seasides.
	Weather (Throughout whole year) Weather Experts – Hamilton Trust. Block A – Daily Weather News. Block B – Meteorologists. Block C – Seasonal					
History	The children will be introduced to Nanny Pat and Grandpa Joe.	Changes within living memory. Toys in the past (toys that parents/grandparents used to play with). *Looking at and talking about toys today. *What does 'the past' mean? *What do we want to know about toys from the past?	The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Scott of the Antarctic (Key Stage History)	Changes within living memory. Communication & Technology. Compare to parents and grandparents' childhood experiences. *What is communication? *How do we communicate today?	Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality. *British Motor Racing (May) & *Bexhill 100 Festival of Motoring *The children will learn about Bexhill being the birthplace	Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality. *Festival of the Sea. *The Bexhill Festival of the Sea is one of the biggest and best festivals of the sea

They are going to be our History buddies this year!

Introduction to History.

*To say what history is (the past).

*To use words about the past (old, new, a long time ago, first, next, before, after). *To recognise that a story that is read to them may have happened a long time ago. Say how they know.

*To know that some objects are from the past.

*To talk about how they have changed since they were born. *We will create a personal timeline. *Place up to five objects/events in chronological order (recent history).

Significant historical places in their own locality.

History of local buildings/places.

We will at our favourite places in Bexhill and what these parts of Bexhill looked like years ago. Were these places around when our

*Can we find out about toys from the past? *Learning how to use different sources to help us answer questions about toys from the past. *Talk to parents/grandparents. Write to Orchard House and ask them about their favourite toys. *Comparing and sorting toys.



*The children will learn about Captain Scott who was an explorer who wanted to be the first to reach the South Pole (1912). *Why do you think Captain Scott is so famous today? *How did Scott manage to get to the South Pole and what happened when he got there? *Whv did Scott risk his life to get to the South Pole? *How would Scott have felt when he arrived at the South Pole after Amundsen and how do we know? *Why didn't Scott get there first? *How can we remember Scott today? *Should we carry on exploring today?

Sir David Attenborough -Saving the World. *Appreciate that

some famous people

*How do we communicate with different family/friends who live nearer/closer? *What technology do we have today? Has it always been around? *What technology did our parents/grandparents have? *How did they use to communicate? How can we find this information out?

*What methods of communication are still around today that

we use/don't use? Whv? *Sort pictures of old and new technology. of British Motor Racing. *Has anyone been to Bexhill 100? *Sorting old and new cars. Looking at similarities and differences. *What methods of transport were there before cars? *Why have we got electric cars now? *What do you think



cars might be like in

the future?

Changes within living memory.

*What are our favourite fairy tales today? Have they always been around? *What fairy tales did our parents/grandparent s used to listen to when they were younger? *How are they the same/different to now? *Sorting books (fairy tales) in to old and

new.

and sea angling in the UK. *The main theme of the event is Marine Conservation and appreciation of the sea and our beautiful beaches. *325 mermaids and mermen on the beach put Bexhill in the Guinness Book of Records in 2017. *Bexhill has also been in the Guinness Book of Records for the largest Charleston dance at the Bexhill Roaring 20s (2015). *Bexhill is also in the Guinness Book of Records for the world's oldest spider web which was found on a beach in Bexhill by two brothers (fossil hunters).

Changes within living memory.

Comparing Bexhill seafront past and present.

	parents/grandparents were younger? How can we find out?		have helped make our lives/world better today. *This will be linked to our topic and Sir David observing that our animals and habitats he was filming are under		*Exploring old and new nursery rhymes.	
Art and design	*Explore drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. *Self-portraits. *The children will create themselves as their chosen character linked to our story 'Burger Boy'. Maybe they will be Pizza Girl, Broccoli Boy, etc. *Silhouette art linked to our favourite things.	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. *The children will explore camouflage and patterns (linked to our story 'Traction Man'. Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. Jackson Pollock Let's create an amazing outfit for Traction Man!	threat. To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. *Making masks for the characters in the story 'The Journey Home'. To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. *Watercolour paintings, layering. *The children will create artwork linked to our story 'The Journey Home' whilst thinking about different animals and their natural habitats.	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. *African art — exploring patterns and outfits and jewellery. *African animals/ watercolour/sunset scenes.	Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. Giuseppe Arcimboldo The children will design and design their own versions linked to their favoirite traditional tales character. To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.	To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. *Beach memory jars to record our trip to Bexhill beach. To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. *Watercolour paintings, shell and stone art, mermaid scales art.



*The children will create exceptionally tall giants!





Design Technology

Design, Make, Evaluate & Cooking and Nutrition.

*The children will make guacamole (Phunky Foods). Linked to our topic and trying new healthy foods.

Gorgeous Guacamole



Design, Make, Evaluate & Cooking and Nutrition.

*Traction Man needs to eat a good, healthy breakfast to give him enough energy to get through the morning. Let's design, make and evaluate a healthy granola (Phunky Foods).

Granola



Technical Knowledge
Explore and use
mechanisms [for
example, levers,
sliders, wheels and
axles], in their products.

*Advent calendars - flaps.

*Christmas cards - slider, pop up.

Design, Make, Evaluate Select from and

Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials and textiles, according to their characteristics.

*The children will be designing a waterproof outfit for an explorer going to visit the North/South Poles.

Design, Make, Evaluate

*The children will design, make and evaluate picture frames/holders for their watercolour

Design, Make, Evaluate

*The children will be making their own printing blocks to make African patterns with.



Design, Make, Evaluate

The children will create African headpieces that won't block our vision/fall off during our dance.



Design, Make, Evaluate

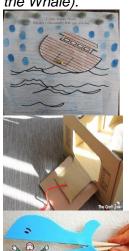
Technical
Knowledge
Build structures,
exploring how they
can be made
stronger, stiffer and
more stable.

*The children will be making their own beanstalks using the junk modelling. They will then use these for story retelling.



Design, Make, Evaluate & Cooking and Nutrition. Technical
Knowledge
Explore and use
mechanisms [for
example, levers,
sliders, wheels
and axles], in their
products.

*Linked to our RE
-Special Bible
Stories (Noah's
Ark & Jonah and
the Whale).

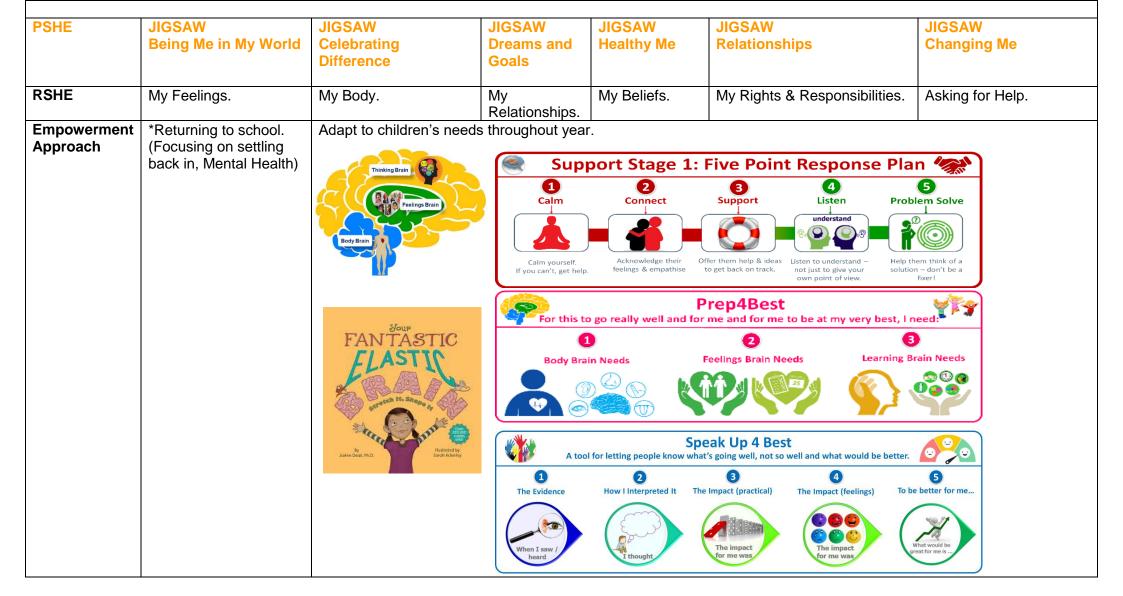


			paintings (DATA).	The children will create their own African instruments to play in their group ensemble (Music link). Technical Knowledge Explore and use mechanisms [for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products. *Moving Easter cards.	*The children will make healthy black bean wraps (linked to our story 'Jack & the Beanstalk'.	
Music	Learning Focus: Pitch, Dynamics, Composition, Pulse. Far Learning Focus: Body percussion, Pulse, Rhythm, Pitch, Voice as an instrument. Happy Learning Focus: Pulse, Pitch, Tempo, Dynamics.	Learning Focus: Body Percussion, Pulse, Rhythm, Composition, Voice as an instrument. Christmas production.	Take You Home Learning Focus: Body Percussion, Rhythm, Pitch, Composition, Playing as an ensemble.	Yolanda's Band Jam: Funky Elephant Walk Learning Focus: Pulse, Rhythm. Yolanda's Band Jam: Something Bout That Noise Learning Focus: Dynamics, Playing as an ensemble. Exploring rhythm, pulse, echo, rest, repeat and 'call & response'. Other vocabulary – ensemble. Naming different African instruments.	Learning Focus: Compositio n, Pulse, Rhythm, Playing as an ensemble (Link to fairy tales).	Sonic Explorers: Beach and Prehistoric Times Learning Focus: Pitch, Timbre. Summertime Learning Focus: Lyric writing, Pulse.

				The children will be working in groups to create their own pieces to perform to each other. Right hand Right hand Right hand Left hand		
P.E	Mrs Milner Throwing & Catching. This unit will teach the children basic ball handling skills. They will learn to control a ball when they are rolling, bouncing, throwing and catching, on their own, with a partner and in a group. The children will also gain experience playing simple team games, following rules, competing, and supporting each other.	Mrs Milner Bat & Ball. (Cricket). In this unit, the children will take part in a variety of bat and ball activities which are designed to teach them the skills they will need to participate in a range of games. Each lesson is designed so children learn the skill, practise the skill then apply the skill in a game situation.	Mrs Milner Gymnastics (Animals) The children will learn to lift, carry and use gymnastic apparatus safely. Children learn to travel safely in different ways, at different speeds and levels. They bounce, hop, hopscotch, gallop, skip, tiptoe and run in different directions. They learn to jump safely on the ground and onto and from equipment and also think about why they exercise and consider each other's performances, evaluating and improving their work. *Building on from skills taught by Premier Sports last term.	Mrs Milner African Dance. The children will learn about African Dance and we will make collaborative pieces to perform including The Lion King. *Building on from skills taught by Premier Sports in Term 1.	Mrs Milner Invasion Games. The children will learn the basic skills they need to participate in simple invasion games. The skills are taught in an engaging and motivational manner, with all lessons having a fairground theme. Children will learn different ways of travelling, including moving backwards, sidestepping and changing direction. *Building on from skills taught by Premier Sports last term.	Mrs Milner Team Games, e.g. Rounders.
	PREMIER SPORTS Dance: Stories – Shapes and Patterns/Control & Tension.	PREMIER SPORTS Gymnastics: Travelling and Linking Actions.	PREMIER SPORTS Multi Skills: Agility and Co-ordination.	PREMIER SPORTS Games with Simple Tactics: Football, Netball (skills).	PREMIER SPORTS Games with Simple Tactics - Tennis, Hockey (skills).	PREMIER SPORTS Sports Day Practice.
Computing – Purple Mash	Unit 1.1 – Online Safety Unit 1.2 – Grouping & Sorting	Unit 1.3 – Pictograms Unit 1.4 – Lego Builders	Unit 1.5 – Maze Explorers	Unit 1.7 – Coding	Unit 1.6 – Animated Stories Unit 1.8 – Spreadsheets	Unit 1.8 – Technology Outside School

					(both linked to favourite fairy tales)
RE	Belonging (SACRE) *Where do we belong? *How do we show this outwardly? *What does it feel like to belong? *How can we see outwardly that some people belong to a faith community? *Why is this important for them?	Belonging (SACRE) *What is special about a new baby? *How is a baby welcomed into a family and into a faith community? *What does a baby need and what do we hope for its life? *What kind of ceremony could we have to welcome it? Christmas story *How do Christians celebrate Christmas? *We will look at an advent wreath. What does the word advent mean? *Advent is a time of preparation for the celebration of the birth of Jesus. The children will learn how the Advent Wreath is used and the meaning behind the four candles. *Understanding light as a religious symbol. How does light make us feel? Share 'Can't You Sleep Little Bear?' *How is light used at Christmas? *Light is used to show that Christmas is a time for happiness and	Shabbat – Judaism (SACRE) *What is the world like? Do we have our own precious or favourite natural objects? *What is the Jewish/Christian story of creation? *What is the pattern of this story? What is it saying?	Shabbat – Judaism (SACRE) *Why do we need rest and relaxation? *What does a 'day of rest' mean for Jews and Christians (or others)? *What is Shabbat and how is it celebrated? *How do our senses help us to focus and concentrate? *Which senses are used in celebrating Shabbat? Easter Story *Retell the Easter story. *Name some Easter symbols and talk about what they mean. *Talk about the new life that we see in the Spring time. Key vocabulary – Christian, belief, Easter, Jesus, Palm Sunday, Palm cross, resurrection, new life, symbol, celebrate, spring.	Special Bible Stories *Noah and The Ark *Jonah and The Whale *Joseph and his Colourful Coat *The Parable of the Sower *Jesus Feeds the Five Thousand *Jesus Calms the Storm *Jesus Walks on Water

warmth and to remind	
Christians that Jesus is	
the light of the world.	
*We will also learn	
about Christingles and	
the symbolism of the	
orange, the red ribbon,	
etc.	
*Why are gifts given at	
Christmas?	



Helpful Links

https://www.hamilton-trust.org.uk/science/year-1-science/ - Science

https://whiterosemaths.com/primary-sols/ - Maths

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zjpqqp3/year-1-and-p2-lessons - Hamilton Trust Link

https://www.hamilton-trust.org.uk/blog/cover-key-stage-1-geography-curriculum/?gclid=CjwKCAjw97P5BRBQEiwAGflV6b7AUjyBX4mj0RPCT6-uzEehFG2QBQhw6ylu6YCwS8AHSb-nAtYSrhoC3gYQAvD_BwE - Geography

https://bexhill-osm.org.uk/?T=thennow#13/50.8470/0.4675 - Bexhill now and then

https://www.keystagehistory.co.uk/ History

https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/nine-astonishing-ways-david-attenborough-shaped-your-world/z4k2kmn - Sir David Attenborough

http://looklovecreate.blogspot.com/2012/04/jack-and-beanstalk.html - Giant Art (Once Upon A Time)

https://teenkidsnews.com/tkn-news/cooking-recipes/black-bean-wrap-recipe-quick-and-easy-lunch/ - Black Bean Wrap Recipe (One Upon A Time)

https://www.spellzone.com/curriculum/national-curriculum/year-1.cfm Spelling Word Lists